

Институт общей генетики им. Н.И. Вавилова РАН

и

Институтом молекулярной биологии им. В. А. Энгельгардта РАН

поделили 8 место

**среди 202 научных и образовательных учреждений России,
вошедших в рейтинг**

<https://www.scimagoir.com/rankings.php?country=RUS>

Russian Federation 202 ranked institutions

1 (33)	Russian Academy of Sciences *	RUS	Government
2 (389)	Lomonosov Moscow State University	RUS	Higher educ.
3 (501)	M.M. Shemyakin and Yu.A. Ovchinnikov Institute of Bioorganic Chemistry	Russian Academy of Sciences	RUS Government
4 (589)	Saint Petersburg State University	RUS	Higher educ.
5 (590)	Institute of Chemical Biology and Fundamental Medicine	Russian Academy of Sciences	RUS Government
6 (591)	Russian Academy of Medical Sciences	RUS	Health
7 (622)	Novosibirsk State University	RUS	Higher educ.
7 (622)	Tomsk Polytechnic University	RUS	Higher educ.
8 (628)	Engelhardt Institute of Molecular Biology	Russian Academy of Sciences	RUS Government
8 (628)	Vavilov Institute of General Genetics	Russian Academy of Sciences	RUS Government
9 (631)	Kazan Federal University	RUS	Higher educ.
10 (635)	Petrov Research Institute of Oncology	RUS	Government
11 (638)	Zelinsky Institute of Organic Chemistry	Russian Academy of Sciences	RUS Government
12 (640)	ITMO University	RUS	Higher educ.
13 (645)	St. Petersburg State Polytechnic University	RUS	Higher educ.
14 (649)	Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology	RUS	Higher educ.
14 (649)	Moscow State University of Civil Engineering	RUS	Higher educ.
15 (650)	Institute of Solid State Chemistry and Mechanochemistry	Russian Academy of Sciences	RUS Government

The SCImago Institutions Rankings (SIR) is a classification of academic and research-related institutions ranked by a composite indicator that combines three different sets of indicators based on research performance, innovation outputs and societal impact measured by their web visibility.

Factor	Indicator	Weight
Research (50%)	Excellence with Leadership (EwL)	13%
	Normalized Impact (NI)	13%
	Output (O)	8%
	Scientific talent pool (STP)	5%
	Scientific Leadership (L)	5%
	International Collaboration (IC)	2%
	High Quality Publications (Q1)	2%
	Excellence (Exc)	2%
Innovation (30%)	Innovative Knowledge (IK)	10%
	Technological Impact (TI)	10%
	Patents (PT)	10%
Societal (20%)	Backnets (BN)	15%
	Web size (WS)	5%

Output (O): Total number of documents published in scholarly journals indexed in Scopus.

International Collaboration (IC): Institution's output produced in collaboration with foreign institutions.

Normalized Impact (Leadership Output) (NI): Normalized Impact is computed over the institution's leadership output using the methodology established by the Karolinska Institutet in Sweden where it is named "Item oriented field normalized citation score average".

High Quality Publications (Q1): the number of publications that an institution publishes in the most influential scholarly journals of the world

Excellence (Exc): Excellence indicates the amount of an institution's scientific output that is included in the top 10% of the most cited papers in their respective scientific fields.

Scientific Leadership (L): Leadership indicates the amount of an institution's output as main contributor, that is, the amount of papers in which the corresponding author belongs to the institution.

Excellence with Leadership (EwL): Excellence with Leadership indicates the amount of documents in Excellence in which the institution is the main contributor.

Scientific talent pool (STP): Total number of different authors from an institution in the total publication output of that institution during a particular period of time.

Innovative Knowledge (IK): Scientific publication output from an institution cited in patents. Based on PATSTAT (<http://www.epo.org>).